Registration number: 00857021

Grafham Water Sailing Club Limited

(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

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Company Information

Directors J C Aston

A Baker S Dwight M G Edwards C Glover A McEwan

T O'Brien
D K Philpott
I J E Rawet
M G Rushton

H C D Talbot R I Webb R S Harold

Company secretary H S Dance

Registered office Grafham Water Sailing Club

Chichester Way

Perry Huntingdon Cambridgeshire PE28 0BU

Bankers National Westminster Bank Plc

37 High Street St Neots Cambridgeshire PE19 1BP

Auditors Bulley Davey Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

4 Cyrus Way Cygnet Park Hampton Peterborough PE7 8HP

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

J C Aston

A Baker

S Dwight

M G Edwards

C Glover (appointed 27 July 2019)

A McEwan (appointed 2 September 2019)

T O'Brien

D K Philpott

I J E Rawet

M G Rushton

H C D Talbot

G Baines (resigned 16 September 2019)

D S Clemmet (resigned 27 July 2019)

J P Constable (resigned 27 July 2019)

J H Hitchin (resigned 27 July 2019)

Dr D M McNamee (resigned 27 July 2019)

R G Oscroft (resigned 27 July 2019)

R S Harold (appointed 27 July 2019)

The following director was appointed after the year end:

R I Webb (appointed 21 April 2020)

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the provision of sailing facilities at Grafham Water.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on 18 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

H S Dance

Company secretary

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Grafham Water Sailing Club Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Grafham Water Sailing Club Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2020, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 Section 1A 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate;
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Grafham Water Sailing Club Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities [set out on page 3], the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

M A Burden (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Bulley Davey Limited, Statutory Auditor

4 Cyrus Way Cygnet Park Hampton Peterborough PE7 8HP

24 June 2020

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover		352,806	330,001
Cost of sales	_	(53,741)	(49,736)
Gross surplus		299,065	280,265
Administrative expenses		(296,735)	(297,761)
Other operating income	_	10,194	7,224
Operating surplus/(deficit)		12,524	(10,272)
Other interest receivable and similar income	_	270	173
Surplus/(deficit) before tax	5	12,794	(10,099)
Taxation	_	(221)	(201)
Surplus/(deficit) for the financial year	=	12,573	(10,300)

(Registration number: 00857021) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	136,402	152,294
Current assets			
Stocks	7	10,597	7,534
Debtors	8	21,624	20,962
Cash at bank and in hand		124,887	115,420
		157,108	143,916
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(112,477)	(115,198)
Net current assets		44,631	28,718
Total assets less current liabilities		181,033	181,012
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(34,815)	(47,367)
Net assets		146,218	133,645
Capital and reserves			
Other reserves		90,000	90,000
Profit and loss account		56,218	43,645
Total equity		146,218	133,645

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 18 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

J C Aston S Dwight Director Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1 General information

The company is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated in England & Wales, and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the company in the event of liquidation.

The address of its registered office is: Grafham Water Sailing Club Chichester Way Perry Huntingdon Cambridgeshire PE28 0BU

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 18 June 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

As an immediate consequence of COVID-19 the Club was closed for sailing for two months from the end of March 2020. Sailing recommenced at the beginning of June on a restricted basis. As a consequence, the club expects a significant reduction in membership income for 2020-21. A significant loss of revenue has already occurred from open events scheduled for the summer months, which have had to be postponed or cancelled, together with a loss of income from the curtailment of its training activities. The programme for the remainder of the summer and the autumn will depend on the timing and the extent of the lifting of the current restrictions. The result is a projected fall in revenue of circa 30%.

The directors have taken a number of actions to mitigate the impact of the above in order to protect the club assets. These include:

- Use of the government's Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme;
- Receipt of local authority rates grant;
- Reduced rent payments including deferring balances.

As a result of this, it is currently anticipated that the club's cash reserves will be sufficient to meet the loss in gross margin due to Covid-19. However, the directors recognize they have further options to review overhead and access further support, possibly from the government Bounce Back Loan Scheme, in order to facilitate an effective recovery.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

-Annual membership subscriptions and boat dues

The subscription year runs from 1 April to 31 March and the income is recognised for the period in which it relates, with any subscriptions received in advance is carried forward into the next period at statement of financial position date as a creditor.

-Open meetings

Open meeting income is recognised on the date that the event occurs.

-Training school

Training school income is recognised on the date that the training within the school is provided.

-Bai

Bar income is recognised as received for the period in which it relates to.

Capital grants

Capital grants received have been recognised to the statement of financial position as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account to match the depreciation policy on the related assets capitalised.

Tax

The company operates as a club and as such accounts for taxation for non member income only and this is charged to the income statement for the year in which it relates to.

The tax expense for the period comprises tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Permanent structures Temporary structures Rescue boats

Fixtures and fittings

Depreciation method and rate

5-10% straight line per annum 20% straight line per annum 25% straight line per annum 33% straight line per annum

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 14 (2019 - 16). The average numbers of staff take into account sailing and powerboat instructors which are employed on a casual basis.

4 Auditors' remuneration

	2020 £	2019 £
Audit of the financial statements	4,200	4,420
Other fees to auditors	1 071	
All other non-audit services	1,071	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

5 Profit/loss before tax

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

	2020	2019
	£	£
Depreciation expense	22,099	23,238
Operating lease - rent	48,785	49,356
(Profit)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	349	(300)
Irrecoverable exempt input VAT	16,018	17,422

6 Tangible assets

		Furniture,		
	Property improvements £	fittings and equipment	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2019	278,504	177,558	154,882	610,944
Additions	1,346	3,899	1,307	6,552
Disposals	(111,804)	(151,708)	(127,395)	(390,907)
At 31 March 2020	168,046	29,749	28,794	226,589
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2019	147,116	174,453	137,081	458,650
Charge for the year	13,159	2,383	6,557	22,099
Eliminated on disposal	(111,723)	(151,547)	(127,292)	(390,562)
At 31 March 2020	48,552	25,289	16,346	90,187
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2020	119,494	4,460	12,448	136,402
At 31 March 2019	131,388	3,105	17,801	152,294

There was no large infrastructure expenditure during the year. In the prior year the club installed new heating infrastructure at a cost of £70,315, funded, in part, through a grant contribution, advanced membership payments and donations. This asset is being depreciated over its useful life of 20 years.

7 Stocks

	2020	2019
	£	£
Other inventories	10,597	7,534

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

8 Debtors		
	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	3,435	2,655
Prepayments	17,962	17,740
Other debtors	227	567
	21,624	20,962
9 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	19,992	14,214
Taxation and social security	1,475	3,245
Accruals and deferred income	6,317	5,530
Other creditors	6,937	9,664
Deferred members income	68,725	71,005
Deferred training school income	920	6,065
Deferred grant income	8,111	5,475
	112,477	115,198
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
Crounty and and and and and and and your	2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year		
Deferred grant income	24,540	34,602
Deferred members income	10,275	12,765
	34,815	47,367

10 Reserves

	Profit and loss account	Other reserves	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2019	43,645	90,000	133,645
Surplus for the year	12,573	-	12,573
At 31 March 2020	56,218	90,000	146,218

A sum of £90,000 had been provided for in other reserves at 31 March 2018, to reflect the provision of running the Club for four months in the event of any unforeseen events outside control of the Club.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

11 Obligations under leases and hire purchase obligations

Operating leases

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Not later than one year	47,834	49,732
Later than one year and not later than five years	191,336	198,928
Later than five years	550,091	621,650
	789,261	870,310

12 Related party transactions

During the year 2 (2019: 1) directors were remunerated by the club for coxswain and bar work. The total cost was £3,718 (2019: £8,183).

Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover (analysed below)	352,806	330,001
Cost of sales (analysed below)	(53,741)	(49,736)
Gross surplus	299,065	280,265
Gross surplus (%)	84.77%	84.93%
Administrative expenses		
General administrative expenses (analysed below)	(270,541)	(271,170)
Finance charges (analysed below)	(3,746)	(3,653)
Depreciation costs (analysed below)	(22,099)	(23,238)
Other expenses (analysed below)	(349)	300
	(296,735)	(297,761)
Other operating income (analysed below)	10,194	7,224
Operating surplus/(deficit)	12,524	(10,272)
Other interest receivable and similar income (analysed below)	270	173
Surplus/(deficit) before tax	12,794	(10,099)

Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover		
Annual subscriptions and boat dues	218,990	218,397
Training school	49,217	44,817
Jonti sailboards	-	750
Open meetings and visitors	49,136	46,814
Other sailing income	13,469	7,721
Bar income	16,638	11,502
Chandlery sales	5,356	
	352,806	330,001
Cost of sales		
Training school costs (payroll)	13,672	10,702
Training school costs (non payroll)	18,831	24,577
Bar cost of sales	8,574	6,118
Bar wages	3,806	3,811
Open meeting costs	2,658	1,494
Other sailing income - associated costs	1,862	3,034
Chandlery costs	3,673	-
Directors remuneration	665	
	53,741	49,736
General administrative expenses		
Administration salaries	46,767	44,421
Directors remuneration	2,954	8,183
Directors NIC (Employers)	99	-
Adimistration staff pensions (Defined contribution)	622	406
Sailing salaries (payroll)	31,897	30,755
Sailing salaries (non payroll)	1,186	745
Sailing staff pensions (Defined contribution)	616	403
Rent and maintenance	48,785	49,356
Rates and water	7,494	8,259
Light, heat and power	15,831	14,471
Insurance, licences and subscriptions	16,157	14,746
Repairs and renewals	13,083	10,683
Coxwain and sailing expenses	29,359	32,158
Waste disposal	5,673	5,025
Telephone	1,390	1,356
Postage, stationery and IT	6,591	7,351
Sailing sundry expenses	380	472
Cleaning (payroll)	11,106	10,672
Cleaning (non payroll)	3,748	4,121
Travel and entertainment	1,674	1,434
Auditor's remuneration - The audit of the company's annual accounts	4,200	4,420
Auditors' remuneration - non audit work	1,071	-
Professional fees	3,702	4,227
Bad debts written off	138	84

Detailed Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
Irrecoverable exempt input VAT	16,018	17,422
	270,541	271,170
Finance charges		
Bank charges	3,746	3,653
Depreciation costs		
Depreciation	22,099	23,238
Other expenses		
(Profit)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	349	(300)
Other operating income		
Miscellaneous receipts	2,017	2,351
Grants released	8,177	4,873
	10,194	7,224
Other interest receivable and similar income		
Interest received	270	173